

Common Introduced Plants of Windham County



Knotweed:
Shrub-like herbaceous perennial, oval-shaped leaves with triangular tip, greenish-white flowers
Removal:
Smothering, herbicide



Burning Bush:
Deciduous shrub
Greenish yellow flowers
Removal:
Hand-pulled, smothering, herbicide



Barberry:
Woody perennial shrub
Thorny branches
Removal:
Hand pulling, propane torch



Multiflora Rose:
White, pinkish flowers and rose hips
Removal:
Cutting the stem, then digging out roots



Buckthorn:
Hedge with blue or black berries in the fall
Short thorns
Removal:
Pulling by hand or with weed wrench, cut stump treatment



Bittersweet:
Woody vine, orange root, yellow cover over red fruit
Removal: Early spring, cut at root collar, foliar spray, cut stump

Resources for more information



www.sevtcisma.org



sevtcisma@gmail.com



www.vtinvasives.org

Common Invasive Species of Windham County



Photo: Clackamas Conservation District

Lesser Celandine:

Dark green, kidney-shaped leaves, arranged in a rosette, yellow flowers on stalks

Removal: Early spring, hand pull, herbicides



Photo: istock photos

European alder:

Tree in birch family, doubly-toothed leaves, flowers form a catkin

Removal: July and August, foliar spray, weed wrench, hand pull entire root system



Garlic mustard:

Year 1: Basal rosettes, heart-shaped leaves, Year 2: White, 4-petaled flowers, triangular leaves

Removal: Early May, Hand pull, smother, foliar application



Photo: vtinvasive.org

Black Locust:

Tree with pinnately compound leaves, a pair of stipular spines at base of leaves

Removal: June to August, mow or burn young shoots, cut stump



Black swallowwort:

Vine with opposite, oval, shiny leaves, clusters of five lobed purple corollas

Removal: June: mow, July to August: foliar spray



Southeast Vermont CISMA

We are the Southeast Vermont Cooperative Invasive Species Management Association (CISMA). This is a non-profit volunteer group whose goal is to educate and to help manage invasive plant species found in our region.

Resources for more information



www.sevtcisma.org



sevtcisma@gmail.com



www.vtinvasives.org